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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/501,277	09/03/2004	Christopher Brett Ward	4046-022	5676
	7590 10/30/200 ACKMAN & REISMA	EXAMINER		
270 MADISON AVENUE			PHASGE, ARUN S	
8TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10016-0601			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1795	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/30/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/501,277	WARD, CHRISTOPHER BRETT	
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit	
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	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	Arun S. Phasge	orrespondence address	
Period fo		pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence duaress	
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DISSIDER OF THE MAILING DEPARTMENT OF	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 c. This action is FINAL . 2b) This since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5) 6) 7) 8)	Claim(s) <u>29-54</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>29-54</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or contact the subject to restrict the subject the subject the subject the subject the subject to restrict the subject	awn from consideration.		
Applicati	on Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the Ee drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment		4) The second se	(PTO 442)	
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte	

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 20-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasaaian in view of Leonard of record for reasons of record.

The use of the spent sulfuric acid from the electrolysis stage as the sulfuric acid used in the leach as claimed in claim 53 would have been an obvious embodiment to the ordinary artisan motivated by the economic considerations to re-use sulfuric acid.

The Leonard patent teaches the maintenance of the concentrations within the range claimed in claim 54. Accordingly, the claims as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, because the Leonard patent teaches the range of concentration used in the art to electrowin manganese.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 7/30/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that the prior art differs from the instant claimed method by stating, "By contrast, in the prior art (Kasaaian), the leach is conducted with sulphuric acid, not with sulphur dioxide. Kasaaian actually describes a process of sintering of manganese dioxide ore, which is fundamentally different from the leach of the present invention. This sintering of manganese dioxide ore first converts the lower oxides of

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manganese contained in the ore (MnO= and Mn203) to manganomanganic oxide (Mn304), by using sulphur dioxide as a reducing agent; this takes place before the Mn30, is subsequently leached with sulphuric acid. As such, the prior art teaches leaching with sulphuric acid only *not* with sulphur dioxide, which is used there only as a reducing agent."

Example 1 of the Kasaaian patent teaches a leach process that comprises the use of sulfuric acid with sulphur dioxide bubbled through the tank (see columns 4 and 5 showing example 1).

Therefore, the examiner's reading that the "Kasaaian patent discloses the claimed method for the hydrometallurgical processing of manganese containing materials is correct.

Applicants next attack the combination by stating, "the Examiner's citation of the Leonard patent, allegedly to supply that "missing" element, also evinces an unfortunate misunderstanding, Leonard simply suggests, at column 4, lines 39-42, that an amount of dithionate may be "included in the electolyte (sic)"; in other words, Leonard

suggests that dithionate be introduced into the reaction mixture as a starting material, before the sulphur dioxide gas is passed through the mixture and the leach reaction takes place. On the other hand, in applicant's claimed method, the dithionate ions are products (or, more aptly, by-products)of the leaching reaction, as can be understood from the specification, when taken together with the use of the phrase "generated in the leach solution" in applicant's independent claim 29.

Therefore, it is the amount of dithionate formed as a reaction product, *not* the amount used as a starting material, which applicant has realized must, be controlled, in the context of a leach reaction for manganese containing materials that utilizes sulphur dioxide, not sulphuric acid, as the leaching agent. As such, the combination of Kasaaian and Leonard in the manner postulated by the Examiner (that is, by "modifying" the Kasaaian disclosure with the teachings of Leonard) is inappropriate and would certainly not be a combination that a skilled worker in this field would arrive at or consider in this context, and in any event, would not yield applicant's invention as presently claimed."

The Leonard patent states in col. 4, beginning in line 33, "When the present invention is utilized in the sulfate process for the production of electrolytic manganese according to one preferred procedure, the **operating variables** can be conveniently adjusted within the following limits." The patent does not state as unfortunately inferred by applicants, that the amount of the dithionate is used as a starting material, since these values are operating variables. Indeed, the whole paragraph is the control of different limits during the process and not merely at the start of the process, since the reference does not even use the words "as a starting material."

Consequently, the invention as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the clear teachings of Leonard to control the amount of the dithionite in a sulfate process for the electrolytic formation of electrolytic manganese.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arun S. Phasge whose telephone number is (571) 272-1345. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-THURSDAY, 7:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nam X. Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-1342. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/Arun S. Phasge/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1795

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